At Knock-down Prices.

ONE of the concern has again been i market and just returned with another fresh supply of cheap cloths, cassimeres, cords and velvets, cassinetts, fancy vestings, flannels, blankets, coatings, baizes, carpetings of all kinds, planes, peleisse cloths, cassimere shawls, Canton crapes, Italian ditto. pure white satin, colored ditto white, black and light blue pattinett, striped and plain gauze, green and all other colored Florences, lustrings of all colors, levantines, fashionable ribbands, fancy trimmings for both dresses and bonnetts, best Irish linens, and linen cambricks very cheap, best strong hempen ticklenburgs and Burlaps linen (better to wear and cheaper than domestic for laboring men. and servants.) Russia dowlas and sheetings, Irish sheetings and dowlas, flax linen, tow ditto brown shirtings, and domestic plaids, cambrick muslins, patent (power loom) shirtings, fancy lenos, and other fancy muslins, India muslins of all kinds and qualities, workman throughout this and the several worsted, silk and cotton hosiery very cheap, bed ticking and bombazetts, &c. &c. ALSO.

Superior old French Brandy-Spirits and Wines-best fresh Teas-Loaf and Lump Sugar-Goshen Cheese, &c.

The very first quality New Orleans Sugar-West India ditto (very cheap) and prime Coffee-Molasses-Raw Cotton-Tar, and best Twilled Bags-machine Cotton of all numbers-Candle Wick, &c.

ALSO, Womens, mens, girls and childrens' shoes of every discription.

China, glass, stone, queens' and wooden ware, knives and forks, penknives, Hantsman's ditto. &c. &c.

Patent shoethread - Boot and shoemakers, saddlers and harness makers at a distance, will do well to lay in a supply while it is to be had, it being of a superior kind, and

New Fresh Goods are vastly preferable to Old Goods, not only because they are stronger and wear better, but because they come cheaper. Bonds. Notes. Flour and wheat received in payment of Goods.

J S LANE & TOWNER. Shepherdstown, Feb 16. P. S. All those in arrears are requested to make ready and pay up. J. S. L & T.

322 Shares,

Conococheague Bank Stock FOR SALE.

And as it is received at the bank in payment of debts, due to said bank, debtors will find it the most ready and convenient way of paying up, by buying the above stock. It will be sold on a liberal credit, or exchanged for bonds and notes

JAS. S. LANE. Shepherd's-Town, Feb. 16, 1820.

Plaster for Sale. THE subscriber has TEN TONS PLAS-

TER of PARIS for sale. HENRY S. TURNER. February 16, 1820.

Executor's Sale OF HOUSES AND LOTS

IN SHEPHERD'S-TOWN. THE subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, Esq. dec'd, in pursuance of the directions of the Testator, will offer at public sale, at the store house of Messrs. Good and Kennedy, in Shepherd's Town, on Thursday the ninth day of March next, all the houses and lots belonging to said Kearsley, in Shepherd's Town; | for the delivery of their flour in his absence, consisting of that elegant new well finished

BRICK HOUSE,

Kearsley, situated on the main street. This house in Shepherdstown. There will be a house is well calculated, either for public business, or the accommodation of a private family, it has attached to it, all necessary out buildings, principally built of brick, and

-ALSO-The dwelling house and appertenances, now occupied by Mrs. Baylor, together with the store house and ware house now occupied by Messrs, Good and Kennedy, all of which buildings are on one lot, but for the accommodation of purchasers, the

Store house, and ware house, with a part of the lot will be sold separate CABINET WARE, all of which he sells from the dwelling house.

property, on paying one fifth of the purchase that all who wish to purchase furniture will money in hand, will have a credit, of 1, 2, 3, give him a call. If the furniture wanted is and 4 years for the residue, without interest, giving bond with approved security for said four equal annual payments.

The sale will commence at eleven o'clock, larity and care. I entreat once more that when due attendance will be given by JOHN BAKER. Shepherd's Town, Feb. 16.

Blank Attachments For sale at this Office.

FOR RENT,

THE HOUSE AND LOT Now occupied by Mr. Leonard Saddler, as a Chairmaker's Shop. For further particulars apply to the subscriber next door to the

ESTHER G. BROWN. Charlestown, Feb. 16.

Boot & Shoe Making. THE Subscriber informs the Public that he has commenced the

Boot & Shoe Making Business, in the house belonging to Doctor Griggs, nearly opposite Mr. Henry Haines' Tavern, where he will be thankful for employment in the line of his Business, and engages that his work shall be done in the best manner. AUGUSTUS SHOPE.

February 9.

Fulling and Carding. THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public, that he has engaged Mr. Thos. Crawford, a known adjoining counties, to conduct the above business for a term of years: From the confidence placed in his abilities as a workman, the subscriber flatters himself, that there will be general satisfiction rendered to all who may please to favor him with their custom. JOHN HELLER.

Cheap Enough.

Those who wish to purchase cheap Cloth, Cassimere, Pelise Cloth, Flannels, and Blankets, for CASH, call at my store, and they shall have them to suit the times. JOHN CARLILE.

Who has on hand a quantity of the Best Old Whiskey

this part of the country-Gin, Spirits, &c. Charlestown, Dec. 22

Tan Yard for Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his tan yard, situate near Mr. Worthington's mill, in Charlestown. The yard consists of ten layaway vats, with the necessary handlers, an extensive bark shed, and mill for grinding bark. There can be a considerable number of vats sunk, the lot being extensive. There is also on the premises, a tolerable good log dwelling house, with a kitchen adjoining. He will also sell a lot adjoining the above, containing half an acre, which is well calculated for a wagon stand. The situation of the whole is interior to none in the county. The terms will be made uncommonly easy. For further particulars apply to the subscriber, on the premises. JACOB E. PARSON.

BOATING.

THE subscriber has taken the ware house belonging to Mr. Geo. Hageley, near Keep-tryst Furnace, and the ware house of Col. Jno. Blackford, formerly occupied by Messrs.

Marmaduke & Co. in Shepherdstown, for the purpose of delivering

FLOUR

in Georgetown and Alexandria, at the fol lowing prices, viz: to Georgetown, from the first mentioned place, at 94 cents; to Alexandria, one dollar. From Col. Blackford's ware house to Georgetown, 94 cents in high water, and from 4 cents to one dollar and 50 cents in low water. He will deliver the same in the neatest manner and on the shortest notice Any person being unacquainted with him can have good security for the punctual performance of his engagements. The subscriber will also thank most grate-

fully, those who may favor him with their eustom. Any person wishing to contract may apply to T. S. Bennett, Esq. Shepherdstown, to Mr. Hageley near his ware house, BRICK HOUSE, or to Mr. George Malleory, at Harper's Ferry. T. S. Bennett, Esq. will attend to the storage of Flour delivered at the ware person constantly at Mr. Hageley's ware house to receive flour.

> The undersigned, returning from the above places, will convey Plaister on the most reasonable terms. WILLIAM MALLEORY.

January 26.

ANDREW WOODS,

Cabinet Maker,

HAS on hand bedsteads of the various de scriptions and fashions, and an assortment of at prices conformable to the present re-The purchaser of any part of the above duced prices of country produce, and hopes not on hand it can be made on the shortest notice-orders from the country or a distance off, will be attended to with great particuthose who owe me claims long since due, will come forward, that we may at least look one Dec. 8. another in the face again before we dis-good words and a little money has sometimes kept the Sheriff off my moveables.

NOTICE.

THE School Commissioners are requestd to meet at the Court House, in Charlesown, on the first day of February Court. SMITH SLAUGHTER, Prest.

Jane Woods,

Would advise the public that she has on hand a good supply of

Drugs & Medicines.

The following are part of her Assortment; Fresh Tamarinds, Madeira Citron-White Wax, Red and Black Sealing Wax, Courtplaster-Inkpowder, Purified London Soap, Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs, Copal Varnish Bees Wax, Putty for Window Glass, Inksand and Wafers, Lancetts assorted. Tooth Brushes, Tapers for sick rooms, With a General Assortment of

CONFECTION, All of which she will sell low for cash, and hopes she will merit and receive a share of business in her line. January 26th, 1820.

FOR SALE,

A Tract of Land

IN the county of Jefferson and state of Virginia, within six miles of Charlestown, and convenient to Harper's Ferry, being part of the tract called and known by the name of Shanondale tract. This land lies on the east side of the Shenandoah River, is well watered, and has a tolerable good mill seat on-it, and well timbered, containing it is believed, an abundance of iron ore, and the soil susceptible of great improvement by the aid of Plaister and Clover-and contains about

One Thousand Acres.

more or less, nearly 300 of which is leased and tenanted for three lives, subject to which that part of it will be sold, the balance is fee simple, and the title of all undisputed.

It will be laid off in Lots to suit purchasers, and will be sold payable one fifth in cash, and the balance in one, two, and three annual payments with interest, and a deed of trust on the premises or good personal security, as may be agreed on, will be required to secure the distant paymen's.

All persons desirous of purchasing any or all the aforesaid land, will be shewn the same by Mr. Daniel Hefflibower, residing on Bullskin, and near the premises, who is authorised to make contracts, the deeds for which, with general warranty, will be made

JOHN HOPKINS. Hill and Dale, Jan. 19-tf.

Six Cents Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 23d of January last, living near Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, an apprentice boy named

James Taylor,

about five feet eight or nine inches high, about sixteen years of age, stout made—has a down look when spoken to, light coloured hair, round face & grey eyes: had on when he went away, a bottle green coloured coat and pantaloons nearly new, a fur hat with black crape round it-and took with him a coat of a bottle green colour about half worn, one pair of cotton cassimere pantaloons of a grey colour patched on the knees; and other clothing not recollected:—Rode away a black mare about 161 hands high, four years old this spring, with a small streak of white down the face, both hind feet white. The above reward will be given to any person that will bring him home, and no thanks.

NOTICE.

GEO. SLOSSER.

Those persons who gave their Bonds to the subscribers (as administrators of John Briscoe, dec'd) are informed that indulgence can not be given longer than the first of March next, and if not pad off by that time suit will be brought on the same without discrimina.

THOS. BRISCOE, JAMES HITE, February 2.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at private sale, his house and lot, near the Presbyterian meeting house, in Charlestown. This property would be very suitable for a mechanic. Also for sale, in acre lot of ground, near the brick yard. A great bargain may be had, if immediate application be made. For terms apply to the subscriber, on the premises, or to the Editor of the Farmer's Repo-

JACOB FISHER.

BLANK DEEDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

Family Medicines.

FOR SALE, Wholesale and retail, by W. & J. LANE. Charlestown. LEE'S famous Antibilious Pills.

Messrs. Mich. Lee & Co. I have taken but two doses of your Antibilious Pills, and I am quite relieved from

that sickness of the stomach, giddiness, gc. which has troubled me for some time. I shall recommend them to all my friends in similar cases. Your humble servant, G. C. COLLINS.

Front street, Balt. THESE mush esteemed Pills have been for many years prepared in Baltimere by the present proprietor, as many of our most respectable citizens can test fy, and a num-ber of them have readily and gladly given certificates of their great value as a family

LEE'S ELIXIR, -

A sovereign remedy for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Catarrhs, Asthmas, sore Throats, and approaching Consumptions. Cheraw Court House, S. Carolina.

Mr. Nonh Ridgely, Sin-Being afflicted with an obstinate cough for more than seven years, which has never yielded to any remedies, though numbers have been applied, until I procured a few phials of your LEE'S ELIXIR, for the cure of colds, obstinate coughs, &c. which gave me considerable relief, and which, could I procure immediately a sufficient quantity will. I feel confident, by being sufficiently used, remove the most distressing complains that I or the human race have ever been subject to. I have not a doubt but that I shall be the means of your disposing of a great quantity of the Elixir in this part of the country. I am, sir, &c. CHAS. A. SPARKS.

Lce's Worm Lozenges.

THE proprietor has now the pleasure of stating that the following case came under his immediate observation: His little daughter. about 5 years old, appeared very visibly to lose her flesh: no particular cause could be given for her thus pining away; she was at 1 ngth taken with fevers, which, with other symptoms led him to believe she had worms; he gave her a dose of Lee's Lozenges, which brought away, incredible as it may appear, two worms, the one fifteen and the other thirteen inches in length each three fourths of an inch round; he has given the Lozenges to another of his children, which brought away a vast quantity of very small worms. Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the ITCH,

Warranted to cure by one application, free from Mercury or any pernicious ingreient. This vegetable rimedy is so mild, yet efficacious that it may be used with the utmost safety, on the most delicate pregnant lady, or on a child of a week old

Lee's genuine l'ersian Lotion. The Persian Lotion operates mildly, rendering the skin delicately soft and smooth—improving the complex on. Lee's Ague and Fever Drops.

warranted to cure if taken according to the Lee's Grand Restorative and

Nervous Cordial, A most valuable medicine for great and general debility, nervous disorders, loss of appetite, &c &c. Lee's Essence and Extracts of

Mustard. An infalible remedy for sprains, bruises rheumatism, numbness, chilblains, &c. Lee's Indian Vegetable Specific, A certain and effectual cure for the lene real and Gonorrhea.

Lee's Tooth Ach Drops, which give immediate relief. Lee's Tooth Powder, which cleanses and beautifies the teeth. Lee's Eye Water, a certain cure for sore eyes. Lee's Anodyne Elixir, for the

Lee's Corn Plaster, for removing and destroying corns.
Sold on most pleasing terms wholesale, by
the Proprietor, at his Family Medicine Ware House, No. 68, Hanover street, Baltimore, and retail in almost all the principal cities and towns in the union. & Please to abserve that none can be Lee's Genuine Family Medicines without the sig-

cure of head aches.

nature of Proprietor, NOAH RIDGELY. Late Michael Lee, & Co.)

Hardware.

Mill Saws, Cross Cut Saws, and Anvils, Knives & Forks, every price & quality, Cast steel, German steel and commos Handsaws, Cast steel plane bits, Chissels, files, rasps, &c. &c.

Castings.

Large wash kettles-large & small pots, Large and small ovens, Skillets and Frying Pans, sold cheap at my store in Charlestown, for CASH.

JOHN CARLILE,

December 22.

FARIERS' REPOSITORY.

C.IARLES TOWN. JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

THE price of the PARMERS' REPOSITORY IS TWO

Alterisements not exceeding a square, will be

* All communications to the Editor on business,

Virginia Legislature.

EXTRACTS FROM THE JOURNALS OF THE

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Wednesday, Feb. 16.

A communication from the Senate, that

they had passed the bills -" Divorcing Ma-

ry Brady from her husband Thornton Bra-

dy"-"Appointing commissioners to locate

ver, and from Winchester to the town of

Romney, and incorporating companies to

make the same"-to amend an act reducing

into one the several acts concerning pilots

and regulating their fees"-also the bill " to

amend an act, entitled an act to reduce into

one act the several acts concerning the Li-

terary Fund" with an amendment. This

The Senate's amendments to the bill res

pecting the "arranging of the counties into

districts for the election of Senators and for

equalizing the land tax," were taken up and

An engrossed bill, "to amend an act, en-

titled an act to reduce into one the several

sets concerning guardians, orphans, cura-

tors, infants, masters and apprentices" was

read a Sd time and rejected; ayes 53, noes 106.

Thursday Feb. 17.

amendment of the house to the bill concern

ing slaves, free negroes and mulattoes.

a third time and passed

amendment was laid upon the table

es sent to the office without having the num-

E price in the TARSHAR TO be paid at the com-

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

Vol. XII.]

must be post paid.

[No. 621.

Received into the Treasury In Oct. \$204,907 50

To 17th Jan. inclusive, 22,168 04 Disbursed at the Treasury during the same period

For the month of Oct. \$84,653 13 To 17th Jan. inclusive, 63,424 87

Leaving a balance in favor of the commonwealth, between the receipts and disbursements from the 1st Oct 1819, to 17th Jan. 1820, inclusive of \$200,305 38 To which should be added, the ba-

lance reported by the standing committee, on the 1st Oct. 1819

ng credits against that sum, viz: By deposit in Va. Bank By do. Farmers' Bank 133,714 84

Deduct as due to the Bank of Va. as Treasurer of Board of Public works 246,584 25

Making an aggregate of credits of Which deducted from the amount due

to the Commonwealth on the 17th Jan. leaves an unaccounted for balance of It appears to your committee that a

for, as will appear by the following There was received of the Farmers'

January, 1814, From Bank Va. dividend January, 15,000 00 59,000 00

Making an aggregrate from the Banks

for all revenue derived from the Bank of Va. and Farmers' Bank of

The house went into Committee of the whole on the bill "to enlarge the public jail Leaving an unaccounted for balance of \$39,000 00 Which added to the deficit (on the

Having ascertained that the dividend of

to the resolution of proceeding, on Satur day by joint ballet with the Senate to (No 1) to the cashier of the Virginia Bank, the election of commissioners, directed to be and received his answer (No. 2) and Kanawha rivers."-Sent to the Senate | the treasurer's transactions with the banks

their answer (No 4 and No. 5.) The committee also instituted an enquiry nto all sources of revenue which might have peen paid directly into the treasury and ad-

dressed letter (No 6) to the auditor and received his answer (No 7.) It will be seen by reference to statement C that all the dividends of the Bank of Virginia have been regularly accounted for except that of July, 1811, before adverted to. Those of the Farmers' Bank of Va (statement D) and of the James' River Company (statement E) were all regularly audited The reports of the rents and tobacco sold at the warehouses, The Committee are apprized that it is no (requiring much labour and investigation on gross the far greater part of their time, and deemed by the committee of minor importance) have not been received, as will be seen by reference to the auditor's letter

the condition of the 7 per cent. stock, created under the loan of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars. A comparison of that statement with the receipts on the defaced certificates, testified its accuracy. The state-

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1820.

the following Summaries:

Total amount of the 1st District.

3rd. do.

Average per acre, exclusive of town property.

2d District. 8 20

3d District. 33

4th District. 0 92

Total value of land, including buildings and

(the only ones noted in the table)

town property, in the following towns

City of Richmond. . . \$10,640,884 82

Engrossed bills-" Concerning James

Williamsburg. . . 130,457 Norfolk Borough, . . 4,893,055

Paxton"-"to amend an act entitled "an act

reducing into one act the several acts provid-

1st District. . . \$ 8 43 cts.

\$71,496,997

78.165,919

41,173,512

16,057,550

\$206,893.978

lots of land, on the side of turnpike roads, of land-Sum added to the land on account October last to the 17th Jan 1820 inclusive,

property should be exempt, any more than the banking houses of the Virginia and Far- tal value of land, including buildings and mer's Bank, or the real property belonging town property—Average price of land per to any other corporate bodies.—Without expressing any further opinion of their own, extended mass of figures which we shall attempt to publish in full at some future daybut at present we must confine ourselves to

In the western part of the state particularly, a great quantity of land was found on the books of the commissioners of the revenue, and copied into the tables of assessment which could not be found in the counties by the assistant assessors, and of course remain-

To have retained them in the body of the | ing for the poor, and declaring who shall be books, would have shewn a false aggregate | deemed vagrants," with a ryder_"authorizof the quantity of land in the State, without adding any thing to its revenue. The board Ware creek"-"appropriating the Public have had them placed on the back of the Books, that the commissioners of the reve- procures sum of money for the use of the nue may make further enquiry about them, | common wealth, if the same should be found and incorporate such, as may be hereafter | necessary to meet the public expenditures of found, into their land books.

In its execution, many and serious diffi- commonwealth"-" to amend an act entitled

Engrossed bills-to enlarge the Lunatie Hospital in the city of Williamsburg"-to amend an art concerning the constables for the city of Richmond"-" for paying the officers of the General Assembly for their ser-A communication from the Senate, that they had passed the bill, "To amend the act entitled. An act for clearing and improving the navigation of James river, and for uniting the eastern and western waters by the James and Kanawha rivers," with amend-

ments- and that they had agreed to the last about the same period, with which the coun-

The amendments of the Senate were They go to secure to the present James River Company the per centage allowed on their stock, to ascertain with still more pre cision that a discretionary power is allowed to the Legislature to stop with or alter the work as they please, and to exempt the State from any responsibility on account of any debts that may be contracted further than the contingent requisition of S 12.000 ayear on the fund for Internal improvement. The Speaker laid before the house the following communication from the Governor, enclosing a report and tables of assess ment received from the Board of Principal

The said papers were ordered to be laid upon the table and to be printed. Council Chamber, Feb 17, 1820. SIR-I have the honor to day before the General Assembly the enclosed Report and tables of assessment, received at a lite hour Jesterday from the Board of Principal As

I have the honor to be, with great respect, Your most obedient servant, THO M. RANDOLPH.

The Hon the Speaker of the house of Delegates. REPORT.

The Board of Principal Assessors being about to terminate their long and luborious daties, have taken this method to inform he Executive of that fact, and to explain one part of their work, which may not be well understood without it. In assessing elands of the Commonwealth, they have sidered all ferries, mills and other maery, permanently fixed to the freehold, adding value to the land, and proper subts to be taken into the estimate, in makthe assessment. They have also includ-Il minerals of coal, salt and metals, and works erected for the profitable pursuit hose branches of business, as far as they e been able to ascertain them., They e no found on their books, any price afd to the lands, on which the different toll dges in the state are abuted, for the bridconsidered as improvements, nor do know whether it was the intention of e Legislature, or whether they would now asider them as proper subjects of taxation

do not perceive any good reason, why such ing the buildings - Number of town lots - for that period. The result will be found t satisfiers will be required to pay the madages—no paper will be discontinued, at the option of the Editor, until arrearages hererisements not exceeding a square, will be these subjects which are not of great magnifor every subsequent insertion. All advertude themselves, are submitted with due deference to the better judgment of their supeher of times for which they are to be inserted, de-signated, will be continued until forbid, and chargriors. A want of uniformity will appear in their books, from the different constructions put on the law by the different assistant assessors, as to what buildings should be placed in the column for that purpose, in the tables of assessment, some of the assessors omitting those under the value of one hundred dollars. This was an omission which the board had no means of supplying; but if the value of the building was taken into the estimate in ascertaining the per acre price of the land, it is matter of little moment, and of none at all, as regards the equality of the valuation. Of this however the evidence is wanted to determine either way. and tark a road from the town of Winches-ter the North Branch of the Potomac ri-

ing Thomas Meaux to erect a dam across revenue"-" authorizing the Executive to the current year"-concerning the clerks of

In making this assessment, the board of , county and corporation courts"-"to amend Principal Assessors have spared neither la- an act to reduce into one all acts and parts of bor nor pains, to make it conform to the acts, for regulating the militia of this comgreat principles of equality and justice. That | monwealth"-" to authorise the notes of the it may be imperfect, as all the works of hu- Bank of the Valley and its branches, and of man agents must be, they are neither dispos- the North Western Bank of Virginia, to be

culties have been encountered; to overcome | 'an act to provide for the collection of taxes which, they employed patience and perseve. on licenses to merchants, to hawkers and vices during the present session" were read | rance and the best lights of their understand | pedlars, to keepers of ordinaries and houing. The long wars which had prevailed ses of private entertainment, on law process, in the world, necessarily occasioned a sear. | and cartain other subjects"-were respeccity of many of our articles of export in fo. tively read a 3d time, and passed. reign countries. On the return of peace and | A bill "imposing taxes for the support of the revival of trade, the extravagant prices government" was taken up, amended by the which these bore, had a sensible effect, on | house, on motion made by Mr. Smith of the money price of real property, through. Isle of Wight, and ordered to be engrossed out the state That this state of things was and read a third time. Cone of these to be of short continuance, could not be ge- amendments is very important; it goes to nerally foreseen; and what is to be much re. lay the land tax for the present year accordgretted, the great increase of banking capital and the immoderate issue of bank paper,

try was flooded, powerfully aided to increase and the penitentiary, and for other purpothat speculating spirit to which our countrymen are too prone. That the advance in the price of real property should, under those circumstances, be greater in some places than others, was to have been expected; and that the fall which has been consequent on the late disastrous changes, should be proportionate, cannot be surprising. If the work of the principal assessors had been performed during e year 1817, it is confidently believed that little dissatisfaction would have been felt at the result But that these fluctuations must Assessors of the lands of the Commonwealth happen in the relative value of the property of the state, by the operation of time, must be evident to every reflecting mind, let, the assessment be made when it may The board of principal assessors have been com pel ed (nor do they perceive any injustice in

t) to make all the valuations in the state conform to the prices in 1817; because the greater part of the assessments, having been made in that year, they needed the particular information, if the law had left them

> of any other period. In the execution of their trust, the board | an examination of the treasury office in conhave undertaken a very onerous task, not formity to the resolutions of the 10th Jan strictly required of them by the law, in have touching that department, have performed ing their book extended the whole numbers | that duty as far as circumstances will allow, of acres of land in the Commonwealth ascer- and beg leave to submit the following tained, also the value of the land and build ings, and the value of the buildings apart

also furnish a valuable statistical table. In laying down the commission with which Principal Assessors, they cannot refrain many days for want of documents from the tions of the commissioners of the sinking from expressing the hope, that their conduct auditor's department. Those documents fund from its establishment to the 7th of the will be found to merit the approbation of are the result of a very laborious, and it is present month. The statement A, exhibits their country That the fruits of their labour believed, accurate examination into every may tend to the lasting peace, harmony and item of the several funds, to which they reprosperity of Virginia, is their most sincere | late, and were furnished with a despatch and | and ardent prayer.

the 16th day of February, 1820. N. CARGILL. Chairman.

elected by the act entitled "An act to amend an act for clearing and improving the navi gation of James river, and for uniting the eastern and western waters by the James Friday, February 18. REPORT ON THE TREASURY. Mr. Crump, from the Select Committee, laid before the House of Delegates the following Report: The Committee appointed on the part of the discretion, which would have enabled | the House of Delegates, to investigate jointly, t em, to make them conform to the prices | with a committee of the Senate, the state of the late Treasurer's accounts, and to make

ing to the late assessment of lands.

house, and ordered to be engrossed.

ses"-which was amended, reported to the

A bill, "giving farther time for the re-

lemption of lands vested in the President

from the land A copy of the table they less due to the House than to themselves to the part of officers whose daily duties enhave thence been able to form, they here | offer an apology for the apparent delay in with enclose. This will enable the Legisla | presenting the result of their labors. It will ture to act promptly on their work, and will. be found in the entire suspension of their duties for eleven days, intervening the resignation of the late treasurer, and the induction (No 7.) the Executive have honoured the board of of his successor, and in a like suspension of perspicuity, which entitled Mr. Jackson, The above Report adopted by the Board | clerk of accounts, to the unqualified thanks of the committee. As the principal object | ment B, shewing the present state of the of the committee was to ascertain the amount | military certificate debt, and a debt of six The table shews "the result of the assess: due, and unaccounted for by the late trea- thousand two hundred dollars contracted un-The table shews "the result of the assess. due, and unaccounted for by the law, authorising a loan of one million der t

for the erection of toll houses. &c. as they of the buildings—Value of the land includ- and compared them with the auditor's books

Dec. 58,919 45

Making an aggregate due to the Commonwealth, on the 17th of Jan. 1820 It appears to the committee that the

By deposits of Valley Bank Notes received for dividends, &c.

stock declared by the Bank of Va. on

received in payment of the revenue of this

Agreeably to the Treasurer's report for 1814, and with which the Auditor's Report corresponds, the Commonwealth is only credited in one item

Makes the entire deficit as now ascertained amount to the sum of 8 122,371 86

and Directors of the Literary Fund, and for July, 1814, had been passed directly to the other purposes," was read the 1st time, and on Mr. Chariton's motion, ordered to be laid | credit of the late treasurer, without being first audited agreeably to the uniform practice both before and since the period of that On Mr. Stuart's motion, the house came dividend, the committee addressed the letter

The committee, in order to ascertain the real condition of the public funds as well of stocks as of disposable monies (us far as the transcript of the books of the banks and of would enable them) addressed the letter No 3) to each of the cashiers, and received

The committee investigated the transaceglect of the assistant assessors, to assess | heads-Names of counties-Number of acres | bursements of the government from the 1st one hundred thousand dollars, was also sub-

with the certificate- redeemed, and receipts | in her citizens, &c. 9.) It cannot escape observation that the amendments. reply is partly irresponsive and entirely untransmission of those sums, and the fluctuatportion were paid, together with the confused and partial application of them which has occurred here to the extinguishment of bank debts, and the investments of stocks, render lic funds. The committee also discover that the books of the department are not settled up to the period of resignation, and recommend that that labour, deemed absolutely necessary, be added to the other duties of the surer, according to his intimation, shall have it done forthwith.

The committee find the old registry of deposits on account of British debts and confiscations, in so decayed and imperfect a state as to be entirely inexplicable.

As the books, records, &c. in the office were deemed highly important, the committee made an ineffectual attempt to procure a public voucher thereof, in the transmission of them from one treasurer to another (see letter No. 10.)

The committee would remark that they abstain from recommending any measures to provide a farther responsibility, in this department, and which in every point of view is so very desirable, in consequence of that duty having been assigned to other hands.

In closing their labours the committee derive much satisfaction in being enabled by the authority of the late Treasurer to state, that no officer of the government during the late and present administration was privy to or derived any interest from the defalcation which has occurred.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPESENTATIVES

BATURDAY, FEB. 19.

NEW STATES BILL. The House took up the amendments of the Senate to the bill for the admission of Maine -which amendments propose to authorise. by the same bill, the people of Missouri to form a state government (without the slave restriction, but containing a clause to exclude slavery from all the territory west of the Mississippi, which lies north of 361 degrees of north latitude, except the proposed state of

Mr. Taylor moved that the amendments of the Senate be disgreed to by the House. Mr. Scott of Missouri moved that they be committed to the committee of the whole, which at present has under consideration the Missouri bill of this House; (which motion

had precedence of the motion to disagree.) On these motions, and those that are sub sequently mentioned, a long and animated discussion took place, of which (from the want of room for a fuller report, and the difficulty of hearing several of the speakers from the Reporter's seat) the following is scarcely more than an enumeration of the gentlemen who spoke, and an indication of the sides they respectively took.

Mr. Holmes hoped the amendments would not be committed. If they were it would be some time before they could be acted on, as. there were, he believed, at least thirty speeches yet to be delivered on the Restrictive proposition now before that committee; and until that proposition was decided, the committee of the whole would not take up the amendments of the Senate: in the mean time, the period allowed by the law of Massachusette (the 3d March) for the consent of Congress to the admission of Maine, would arrive; and all that had been done would be lost. He hoped therefore that the House would act promptly on these amendments, separate the two subjects and give its consent to the admisson of Maine, to which no one had objected or could object, &c.

Mr Smyth, of Va. for the purpose of allowing time for the debate on the restriction to be brought to a close, before the amendments of the Senate should be taken up, moved, that they be postponed to next Monday week; which motion was lost by a large

Mr Livermore strongly disapproved of the connection of the bills as they came from the Senate; but he saw something in the amendments which seemed likely to put an end to the disagreeable subject which now occupied the House. He wished the sub, jects reparated, and then some course might he adopted similar to the compromise proposed by the Senate, and the matter ended happily and harmoniously He argued earnestly in favor of the claims which Maine had to admission without delay, and against a course which would, by allowing the time to which she was limited to pass by, and thus her reasonable expectations be defeated.

thereon, and found to be correct. for a sa Mr. Whitman opposed the commitment, dangerous mode of legislation, and would tisfactory account of the present condition of | with much earnestness and at considerable | vote to disunite them whenever the subject the sinking fund, and the unredeemed debt | length. He disapproved most pointedly and | should come distincly before the house. But of the Commonwealth, the committee beg | emphatically the connection of the bills, and | the union of Missouri with Maine was not leave to refer to the report of Mr. Jackson, argued in favor of a prompt decision of the the only amendment the Senate had made: clerk of accounts, marked (General State. | question. He felt as one personally inter- | they had introduced another, of equal, if not ment.) The committee in pursuing their en-quiries into the funds, derived from the geMaine) and confessed that his feelings were ed the introduction of slavery into the terri. neral government for advances during the | stronger than he could find proper language | tories. He was in favor of this proposition; late war, addressed a letter to the late trea. | to express them in, and he could scarcely | he presumed all the advocates of restriction surer, (No. 8) and received his reply, (No. | trust himself to speak on the subject of the | would also be in favor of it. It was an a-

satisfactory. The author when before the known that no man was more in favor of a committee upon another subject, was inter- compromise of the unhappy subject than rogated in relation to those accounts, and himself, but even this he would not agree to because this was an important subject that (Mr. Lowndes,) in the race of honor and foreclosed the enquiry by admitting that the on compulsion. He was opposed to the com. he wished it to be duly weighed and considermisapplication was drawn from that source. | mitment of the amendments; it would be of | ed. It also embraced the basis of a compro-The irregularities complained of in the noutility, as the question now before the committee would be first decided before the after much deliberation. Desirous as he ing value of the medium in which a large amendments would be taken up; and then a was of quieting public excitement on some bill would have previously passed on the principle of compromise, he hoped time same subject. The subject of the amendments was a legal one, he admitted, but the | If Missouri should be stricken from the bill, object of the connection was to coerce this it indispensably necessary to appoint an able House, by operating on those members paraccountant to adjust that branch of the pub- | ticularly interested in the admission of Maine into the Union. This course he tho't was disapproved by the House, and the proper way to shew it was by a prompt, a very prompt, rejection of the amendments. Such was the course taken by the House, on a temporary accountant, unless the late trea- former occasion, when an amendment was inserted in an appropriation bill by the Senate, providing for brevet pay, which the House had previously stricken out. Mr S. repeated that he was in favor of the compromise, but he would not give up the right of -yeas 70-nays 107. giving a distinct and unshackled vote for the admission of Maine.

> Mr. Simkins conceived it would be extremely wrong not to allow some time to reflect on this subject. The amendments were long and contained numerous provisions, some of them of the highest importance; how were they to be understood from the single reading of them by the Clerk? He wished them to be printed, and time allowed to examine and consider them. He trus ed that the majority, because they had the power, would not force members at once to de- promise, could be called so with propriety, cide on so important a matter without know- | masmuch as it was consistent with the Coning scarcely on what it was they were to vote. The Senate had deemed the two sub. for thirty years. jects compatible, and had thought proper to for so doing. Respect for the Senate required that their amendments should not be treated with so much precipitation and so little deference. He was in favor of the commitment.

Mr. Gross, of New York, said, he was glad of an opportunity of stating, in his place, what he thought of the conduct of the Senace in this affair; and proceeded to remark that he thought it did not deserve the respect of this house, but was stopped by the Speaker, as such expessions here, applied to the other branch of the Legislature were out I of order. Mr. G then remarked, that, come from where it might, the amendment was an rest to communicate.]

municated, and which in his opinion, to with fleets. Shall we suffer his family to melt up the plate that was given to him by rest to communicate.] attempt to coerce the members of this house,

decidedly disapproved of it, &c. nate to annex any amendment to the bill of Mr. Taylor, of New York. from this House, and that the House had no right to know the motives of the Senate, merely from the prima facie evidence of the amendments; it was not proper per to allude to them in debate, much less to impute improper ones to that body. The course adopted by the Senate in this instance was justified by the practice of the British | the table: Parliament, from which our rules of proceed. ing are drawn; instances of which Mr M mentioned. He could imagine very strong reasons, of the most honorable character, for the amendments of the Senate; but it was not right that he should advert to them; and amendment. he could not enter into the examination of views such as had been imputed by others. If the proposition from the Senate be, as the Restriction. was believed, the olive branch of peace on the most momentous question that had ever agitated the councils of this nation since the foundation of the government, was it proper thus to treat it? As to the case started by Mr. Storrs, the present one bore no sort of analogy to it; that was a question on the right of the Senate to originate in a money bill a clause making an appropriation. In

deserve immortal honor. ment as useless; and argued to shew that it tended with inconvenience, without producing any benefit, &c.

Mr. Brown, of Kentucky, spoke at considerable length, and very warmly, against the proposition to force members into an instant decision of this important question. He maintained the justice and fairness of allowing time for an examination of the amendments, and for preparation for a decision; and condemned strongly the attempt to coerce the House into an immediate vote on a lister at Madrid. subject so little understood and so important.

Mr. M'Lane, of Del. was in favor of com- and, thus modified, the resolution was adoptmitting the bill-not because he was in fa- ed, and a committee of three appointed to vor of uniting Maine and Missouri, for he present it to the President. was decidedly opposed to the union, and, if | Mr Lowndes offered the following resohe supposed the commitment would retard | lution for consideration: the admission of Maine, he should be opposed to it; but this could not be the effect—it | affairs be instructed to enquire into the exwould be decided as soon as the question | pediency of extending to the widow of Capnow under consideration could be. He had | tain Oliver H. Perry the provision which is

jected to an examination, and comparison | which such an unkind course would produce | ject was originally before the house; he was dren of naval officers who die from well still opposed to it, because he deemed it a mendment of vast importance, which might Mr. Storrs observed that it was well as properly be introduced into the bill for the admission of Maine as in one for the admis-

mise which had been adjusted in the Senate, would be afforded to test its practicability. this amendment, being a distinct proposition, would remain and deserved to be considered. If he were now forced to vote upon the rejection of the amendments of the Senate, opposed as he was to the union of Maine with Mis. | with their lips, and honor me with their souri, he should be compelled to vote against both provisions, and thus aid in defeating a compromise, which he was so anxious to effect: he hoped, therefore, that the bill would be committed.

The question was then taken on committing the bill and amendments, and decided | country owed more to that man, in its late in the negative, by year and nays, us follows

gree to the amendments: Mr. Simkins moved that the amendments be postponed to Tuesday, and be printed; declaring that he was wholly unprepared at present to vote on the subject; and supported his motion in a speech of some length. The motion was assented to by Mr Taylor, and supported by Messrs Rhea, Culpepper, Stevens, Storrs, and Baldwin; the last named gentleman, among other remarks, denying that the amendment called a constitution and the whole course of legislation | can picaroons might beware of His Majes-

The question being taken on postponing join them; it was not proper by any means | the bill to Tuesday, and printing the amendto ascribe improper motives to the Senate, ment was carried by a large majority: and The house adjourned.

MONDAY, FEB. 21.

OUR AFFAIRS WITH SPAIN Mr Reid, of Georgia, submitted for con-

sideration the following resolution: Resolved. That the President of the United States be requested to impart to this house any communications touching the Florida Treaty, which may have been received from our Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of Spain, which have not been heretofore communicated, and which in his opinion, it | way to victory with single ships, the other

The concluding clause was adopted with his countrymen, by corporate and legisla-Mr. Mercer supported the right of the Se- the consent of the mover, on the suggestion

> Mr. Cocke moved to extend the scope of the motion to communications from any other sources than our Minister in Spain. Mr. Reid objecting to the form of the

proposed amendment, rather than to its ob-Mr Cocke moved to lay the proposition on

Which motion was carried, 65 to 62. MISSOURI BILL. The house then resumed, in committee of he whole, Mr. Baldwin in the chair, the

consideration of this bill and the proposed Mr. Plumer, of New Hampshire, rose and spoke more than two hours in favor of

Mr. Edwards of Connecticut, followed on the same side, and spoke about half an

hour; when The committee rose; and The house adjourned.

TUESDAY, FEE. 22.

On motion of Mr. Reid, the house agreed by a vote of 77 to 59, to consider the following resolution offered by him yesterday:

this case if the proposion from the Senate ; should happily put to rest the divisions in | Resolved, That the President of the Unitthe House and heal wounds inflicted thro'- | ed States be requested to impart to this house out the nation by this question, they would any communications touching the Florida Treaty, which may have been received Mr. Smith, of Md. opposed the committier our Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of Spain, which have not been heretowould not save time: that it would be at | fore communicated, and which, in his opinion, it may not be inconsistent with the pub-

lic interest to communicate. Mr. Randolph, presuming that the object of the resolution was to obtain generally such information as the executive had received touching the treaty, (with the reservation expressed in the last part of it) he suggested to the mover the propriety of omiting that part of the motion which confined the call to information received from our Min-

Mr. Reid acquiesced in the suggestion;

Resolved, That the committee on naval nate's amendments was divided, on motion He deprecated the feelings of irritation opposed the union of the bills when the sub- now made by law for the widows and chil- of Mr. Taylor, so as to take first the sens

received in action.

Mr. L. observed that it was conceive that the family of Commodore Perry w embraced by the existing laws which provide for pensions, as it was not to be supposed the generosity or magnanimity of Congress di not intend to comprehend such a case; b. he had submitted. The resolution was adopted nem. con.

Mr. Randolph rose to offer a motion. He

believed it would be very difficult for any

member of this house-certainly it was nor

possible for him- to keep pace with the he sion of Missouri, or in a distinct bill. It was norable gentleman from South Carolina public utility. That gentleman had, by the motion which had just been adopted, anticipated him, in part, in a proposition which he (Mr. R.) had intended on this particular day, for reasons which would suggest themselves to the mind of every one, to offer to the house. When he had this morning heard the tower guns announcing the return of the birth day of Washington, Mr R said the thought had come across his mind-in reference to certain proceedings in this house and elsewhere-" this people draw nigh unto me mouth, but their hearts are far from me." His purpose, Mr. R. stated, was to make a motion in relation to the wife and children of the late Oliver Hazard Perry, of the U nited States navy. It was his opinion, Mr. R. said, whether correct or not, that the contest with Great Britain, than to any other whatever, always excepting Isaac The question recurring on motion to disa- Hull-that man who had first broken the prestige, the cuirass of British invincibility. He had frequently, Mr. R said, heard persons of that country speak in terms of admiration of the achievement of Capt. Hull, in. his escape from a fleet of the enemy, in the Constitution frigate-of the admirable seamanship which he had displayed-of his professional skil; but he had never heard any of them speak with cordial applause of his achievement with the Guerriere, that proud frigate of the first class which had carried her name, in defiance, emblazoned in large letters on her fore top sail, that the Ameri-Ty's ship, and make no mistakes. That was an event on which they were generally silent, or their praise very faint. Mr. R. believed that old England would consent that forty Pakenhams, with all their legions, should have been buried in the alluvial lands of the Mississippi, to take back the single action of the Guerriers; because that action had done more than any thing e se' to open the eyes of Flurope, and dispel the illusion or British supremacy on the ocean. Next in g yy to the victory over the Guerriere, was that on lake Er of by the ; allant Perry; and this Mr. R said, was not inferior in lastre to any event in the naval history of England, from that of La Hogue, under Admiral hussell. One, said Mr. R. has shewn us the melt up the plate that was given to him by tive bodies; in compliment to his gallantr

> to buy bread? He would say no more, bu at once offer the following resolution: Resolved, That provision be made by law for the support of the family of the late Oliver Hazard Perry, esq of the United States Navy, and for the education of his ckildren,

The resolution was adopted; and, On motion of Mr. Randolph, a commitce of three was appointed to bring in a bill in pursuance thereto.

NEW STATES BILL. The house resumed the consideration of the amendments of the Senate to the Maine Bill (proposing to incorporate therein the Missouri bill, embracing the amendment called the compromise, &c.)

The amendments having been read; Mr. Randolph delivered a speech of more han two hours length, against the feature of the amendments of the Senata, which proposes to exclude the further migration or transportation of slaves into any of the terri tories of the United States north of 36 degrees 30 minutes North Latitude.

Mr. Rhea commenced a speech; but from the lateness of the hour, after two or three unsuccessful divisions on motions for the

The House adjourned.

WEDNESDAY. FEB. 23. [Amongst the papers presented to the House yesterday, was a representation, in troduced by Mr. Holmes, signed by John Holmes, Martin Kinsley, Mark Langdon Hill, James Parker, Joshua Cushman, and Ezekiel Whitman, members of this House, from that part of Massachusetts, hitherto known as "the District of Maine," respect fully urging Congress, for the reasons therein stated, as speedily as possible, to decide the question of the admission of the said District into the Union as a separate, sovereigh and independent state; which was read and ordered to lie on the table]

NEW STATES BILL. The House then resumed the consideration of the amendments of the Senate to the bill for the admission of Maine into the

Mr. Rhea spoke about an hour on the su ject, particularly on the inapplicability of the ordnance of 1787 to the territory west of the Mississippi. The question on disagreeing to the Se

the House, substantially, on the question the beam from its own eye before it atthe House, substantian of the Missouri | tempted to take out the most from its browas decided by year and nays, as follows; For disagreeing to the union of the two bills,

Basen, Brush, Buffum, Butler, N. H. Campbell, elegett, Cook, Crafts, Cushman, Darlington, m. Dewitt, Dickenson, Dowse, Eddy, Ed-Fallerton, Gross, N. Y. Gross, Pen. Guyon, Kinsey, Kinsley, Lathrop, Lincoln, Linn, Listores, Street, Strong, Vt. Strong, N. Y.

Asant disagreeing to the union of the bills. Barbour, Bayly, Broomfield, Brevard, Brown, Bry-, Burton, Burwell, Butler, Lou. Cannon, Cobb. Corke, Crawford, Culpapper, Cuthhert, Davidson, Earle, Edwards, N. C. Ervin, Fisher, Floyd, Garnett, Hardin, Hooks, Johnson, Jones, Va. Jones, Ten. Kent. Little, Loundes, McCoy, McCreary, Reed, Rhea, Rinegold, Settle, Shaw, Simkins, Slocomb, Smith, Md. B. Smith, Va. A. Smith, Va. Smith, N. C. Strother, Swearingen, Terrell, Trim-C. Warfield, Williams, Va. Williams, N. C .- 72. So the House disagreed to that amendthe Missouri bill to the Maine bill.

The question was then taken on disagreement, and decided also by year and nays, in the affirmative, as follows:

For disagreeing

Against it The question was next taken on disagreeing to the 9th and last section of the amendments of the Senate, (being that which pronays, in the affirmative, as follows:

For disagreeing Against it Thus the House rejected all the amendments of the Senate to the Muine bill. MISSOURI BILL.

The House then again resolved itself into accommittee of the whole, Mr. Baldwin in

Mr. Edwards, of Connecticut, resumed

Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, next took the its bitters, since it involved the glorious privifloor, and spoke some time against the Re- lege of finding fault-one very dear to the depraved condition of poor human nature.

1 The committee rose, by a close vote; and, about 3 o'clock

The House adjourned.

THURSDAY, PEB 21 On motion of Mr. Crawford, it was Resolved. That an act of the legislature of

the state of Georgia; entitled "an act to grant rtain powers to the commissioners of pilo age for the report of Darien, and to authorize them to collect tonnage duty on vessels," be referred to the committee on commerce, and that said committee be instructed to enquire into the expediency of giving the consent of Congress to the operation of said act.

On motion of Mr Scrother, it was Resolved. That a committee be appointed enquire into the circumstances under whi h powder and lead have been loaned by the War Department, or by any of the offi-cers of the United States' army, to certain odividuals; and into the causes and extent of delinquencies in the paymasters' and quarterm sters' departments; and that they be authorised to report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Tracy, it was Resolved, That the Secretary of the War Department be directed to communicate to this House copies of any agreements which may have been made with the firm of Stull and Williams, or their surety or sureties, reive to the loan to the said Stull and Wilms, of powder, by the War Department, the repayment thereof; and also to inform House whether any moneys, and what uns, have been advanced to the said Stull and Williams, or to their surety or sureties, on any contract or contracts made with them or either of them relative thereto; and also

thereof, from the commencement of the preto state the fund from which said advances sent government, to the 30th of Nov. last: distinguishing the expense of stationary, Mr. Randolph rose to make a motion; printing, fuel, lights, furniture, attendants, which, he said, he should very much prefer and their assistants; with a statement of the have been made by any other member than amount and nature of the perquisites of each. aself, but which he felt it to be his duty to Mr R wished the accounts of the present g forward; and he trusted that, whatsession kept separate, for they would, he others might think, or however others thought, constitute a curiosity, a volume-in t act, he should never feel a disposition ink from the discharge of his duty. It was not a joint resolution. He deemed too npossible, Mr. R. continued, for any reverently of the honor of the other body, see what was going on here—abuse and knew too well what was due to comity ed upon abuse, like Pelion upon Ossa, and courtesy between the two Houses, to t was impossible to tell where it would meddle with their affairs. Let them manage it threatened to reach the skies. This their affairs in their own way, said Mr R. he said, was emphatically entrusted it is a maxim very dear to me on other sube pursestrings of the nation. He would not prove to be the case that understood,) as well as this. ople had, according to a well known The resolution was agreed to. of law, trusted the lamb to the custothe wolf. He had said, this House atrusted with the pursestrings of the ; and it behoved it, as the grand in-Cashmere Shawls were yesterday sold at auction

of the nation, talso to enquire into a piece. We note this as a singular commentary

bill with that of Maine, and the question ther's eye. It had been his misfortune, Mr. 8. said, especially since the agitation of this Missouri question, not to be able to sleep For disagracing to the Miss. Allen, N. Y. Beech-Messrs. Adams, Allen, Mass. Allen, N. Y. Beech-Messrs. Adams, Allen, Ruder, N. H. Campbell, fore day break. These early risings had been the means of putting him on the scent-Devilt, Dickenson, Fay, Folger, Forrest, he was not sure of the true game-but of something like peculation, or abuses, in a linto one act the several acts concerning exepack ty I all N. V. Hazard, Hemphill, Hendricks, very small way in the contingent expenses cutions and for the relief of insolvent debters," as the guardians of this imperium in imperio, | the 1st day of April next. The 1st sect. provides that executions is March and, Mason, Mierch, Nelson, Va. Parker, more if we arraign others—that we appear sued from the superior courts of law, may M. nell, Moseley, Millison, Pitcher, Plumer, with clean hands—that there be no blot or be returned to any rule day, instead of the Rich Richards, Richmond, Pogers, Ross, Sampson, Rich Richards, Richmond, Smith, N. J. Southards, Strang, VI. Strang, N. V. brations. I have sometimes at a state of my lucubrations. I have sometimes started a ques. 2nd sect. provides for the sale of slaves, sevens storrs, Strain, Tarr. Taylor, Tolland, Wallace, Wendover, Whit- the truth, is as impossible to be ascertained executions to be made at the county and coras the quadrature of the circle; and will no poration court houses on the first day of the doubt be discovered with the solution of that courts; unless the debtor requires the sale to Against disagreeing Alexander, Allen, of Tennesses, Meyers. Abbot, Alexander, Va. Baldwin, Ball, opprobrium of geometry, with the philoso-be made at some other place. pher's stone, the perpetual motion, or the ' 3d sect requires the old proceedings on grand areanum-the Elixir Vitw itself- forthcoming bonds by motion after ten days when men shall quaff immortality and joy- notice or rather misery for death, sir, with all his . The ryder provides for proceedings on terrors, is our best friend, if we know how mesne process in the county courts, as prac-Ten. Kent. Little, Lowlings, Merrer, Metealf, Neale, Melean, Ken. Mais, Merrer, Metealf, Neale, Melean, Ken. Mais, Merrer, Metealf, Neale, Melean, Ken. Mais, Merrer, Metealf, Neale, to use life, and comes to deliver us from the tised before the revise, by having writs revenue, Overstreet, Parker, Va. Pinckney, Reukin, Vexation and strife of this trumpery world. I have, continued Mr. R. endeavored to as. the rules. certain the pay of a member of Congress: ble, Tucker, Va. Tucker, S. C. Tyler, Walker, N. but, with all the means I have used, it has

could not get paid, although the Clerk shew-

ed their receipts in full. They were asked

how was this? And were answered by these

men, that they were obliged to give-receipts

in full to the Clerk, before they could get

their contracts, and then he would not pay

them, it being a personal engagement of his

own. They were told by the committee

that it was an affair between themselves and

the Clerk-that they had bought the con-

tracts by letting the Clerk have the use of

their money, and that if their sweet turned

out a sour, they must make the best of a bar-

gain creditable to neither party, and made at

our as well as their expense. Whether or

not they ever got paid, Mr. R. did not know.

He knew that fhat Clerk was a public de-

faulter, and he was not sure the balance due

by him had been paid Mr R. cast no im-

putation on the present Clerk. The abuse

to which he referred, was not under his con-

trol. Mr. R. then read the resolution, as

NEW YORK, FEB. 18.

From the Nat. Intelligencer, of Feb. 26. cluded my search, and will continue so to do, Maine and Missouri - Whom the Senate I have no doubt, to the end. Those who joined, the house of Representatives have ment of the Senate which proposed to annex wrote circular letters, and kept up a volumi- put asunder. It was decided yesterday, in nous correspondence, and those who receive that body, by a decisive vote, that the promore letters than others, receive, through visions for the admission of Maine into the ing to the residue of the amendments of the the privilege of franking and stationary, a. Union and those preparatory to the admis-Senate, (the details of the Missouri bill) with | greater compensation than others. He would sion of Missouri, should not be incorporated the exception of that which embraces what | mention one fact to shew how it is the nature in one bill -What course the business will DIED, suddenly, on Sunday morning last, of abuse to grow on what it feeds on -and it now take, no one can foretel. Our opinion Mr. WALTER BAKER, of this county may be ominous, it may "cut love"-they has always been, that Missouri would, when had made him, for the first time in 20 years, admitted, be admitted without the restrica present, at this session, of a knife; and he tion proposed We think so still If, howehelieved he should carry it home as a spolia ver, the vote in the House of Representaopima, and hand it down as a trophy of his tives were to be considered indicative of the public service of some twenty years, nearly sentiment prevailing in that body on the pro- turday evening 4th instant, Goldsmith's fourteen of which-just double the time, Mr. posed restriction we should be certain no bill much admired Comedy p ses to exclude slavery from all the territo- R. said, that Jacob had served for Rachel on the subject would pass at present. Withry west of the Mississippi, and north of So | had been spent in opposition to what is caldeg 30 minutes north latitude, excepting | led Government - for he commenced his po. think it very doubtful whether any bill, reswithin the limits of the proposed state of litical apprenticeship in the ranks of opposi- pecting Missouri, will pass at the present Missouri;) and was decided by year and sition; and, could be add fourteen more to Session. them, he supposed some political Laban would double his servitude, and condemn MILITARY PENSIONS. him to toil in the barren field of opposition: We think proper to state, for the informafor he despaired of seeing any man elected tion of persons who receive military pensions President whose conduct he should entirely from the United States, that no act has yet

approve-he should never be in favor at passed Congress appropriating funds for the court, as he had, somehow, as great an aia- payment of those pensions on the fourth of crity at getting into a minority as honest. Much next, and the probability is, that the the chair, on this bill - the proposed restric- Jack Falstaff had at sinking It was per- appropriation will not be made in time to haps the place he was best fitted for. Mr. meet the semi annual payments, on that day. R said as he had not strength to encounter. It is, therefore, advisable, that those con the argument which he commenced on Mon- | the details and drudgery of business-habit cerned should-delay their applications, until day, in favor of the Restriction, and spoke had rendered it familier to him; and, after notice shall be given of the appropriation tate of the late Wm. C. Davenport, are reall, it was not without its sweets as well as having been made.

THEREPOSITORY

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1.

From the Richmond Enquirer of Feb. 22.

Yesterday a bill passed the H. of D. to

From the Norfolk Herald, Febuary 18. FROM SPAIN.

But in relation to the contingent fund of We have received advices from Cadiz to this house, said Mr. R. when le had the the early part of December. honor of belonging to the committee of Ways and Means, they were so incessantly pester enough to get the office of Minister Plenipo Don Onis has somewhere found influence tentiary to Russia at which it is said he is demolasses, and water, and what not, that at lighted beyond measure; for it is understood Wagon and Five young Horses, with every last, at his suggestion, a committee was that since his return from this country he requisite equipment for the road. Should raised expressly to audit and settle the achas been so much in the "back ground" as they not be disposed of by the 28th of this counts of the contingent expenses of this to express his disgust at his treatment, and month, he will on that pay offer them at pub-House. People were constantly coming to that committee and complaining that they

soon as possible. The naval force in Cadiz in December, security .. . THOMAS H. HALL. consisted of 5 line of battle ships, 5 frigates, 6 or 8 sloops and brigs, and 50 gun vessels, carrying each two 24 pounders, besides a number of transports, most of which, however, required considerable repairs before they could be fit for service: They are representd, moreover, as being badly manned and otherwise deficient.

Orders had been given to embark six thousand men for Caraccas, to relieve Gen. Morillo. The execution of this order, it was believed, would be effected, 'as the king had appropriated to that object a considerable portion of his private revenue from the monopoly of tob-cco and other articles. Considerable activity prevailed at Cadiz, on the receipt of this order, on board the convoys, transports,&c. and the troops were expected in as soon as the fever subsided, which would probably be in a few weeks.

Ordered, That the Clerk do prepare and INTERESTING FROM CADIZ. lay before this House, a statement of the an-We have been favored with the perusal of nual amount of the contingent expenses from a respectable source, and from which we have been permitted to make the following extract:-"General Vives is relieved from his quarantine; has received his instructions, and is on his way to France to embark for America .- There is to be a complete change in the Spanish legation at Washington, as the former secretaries, Messrs. Noeli and Stoughton, are appointed themselves. This, it would be observed, to embassies in Europe; the first to Prussia and the latter to Saxony; they are replaced by Messra Salmon (nephew to the late prime minister) and Argas. Vivas is said to be a man of considerable abilities; he distinguished himself in the late war with France, and in Mexico against the Revolutionists. -The affairs of the United States gives his Cathojects. (meaning the Missouri question, it was lie Majesty no uneasiness or concern whatever; there has been nothing but feasting and banqueting at Madrid since the arrival of the young queen .- N. Y. Even. Post.

From our Correspondent : WASHINGTON, FEB. 21. "It is understood that recent despatches a piece. We note this as a singular commentary received from Manual a piece. We note this as a singular commentary received from Manual and refused all further on the times, and for an article of mere luxury, Spanish government had refused all further

correspondence with Mr. Forsyth. General Vives was in Parissin December, on his way to the C. States .- Post.

> From the American Centinel. Latract of a letter dated

amend the act entitled, an act to reduce Maine had not sailed from Margaritta: they of this House It behoves us, said Mr. R. to commence and be in force from and after reux who was hourly looked for from Ireland with some additional officers, ammunition, &c Mari no Montilla is the commander in chief of the forces, who is said to be an experienced veteran, having served with Bonaparte This expedition is without doubt bound direct to Laguira. The army and naval squadrons united will exceed 15,000 men, with stores, ammunition, &c. to hold out along siege; but from the state of the place, as well as Carthagena and S: Martha, they must soon fall into the hands of the Patriots, as they are without provisions or credit. General Bolivar left Margaritta a short time since, for his head quarters at Apure; and should General Deverenx not arrive within a short period, they will sail without him, to co-operate with the army. The next account, you may expect to hear of the final saccess of the Patrio's, and the entire possession of the Maine.

"This expedition has been raised, equipped, and will be in operation in less than hree months from this contemplation, whereas the great Cadiz Armada, of which so much has been said yet remains at Cadiz, and more than half its original force has fellen victims to the fever."?

Entertainment.

WILL be performed, in the Academy, by the Thespian Society of Charlestown, on Sa-

She Stoops to Conquer, or the Mistakes of a Night. To conclude with the celebrated af er piece,

TURN OUT. 87-For particulars see bili .- March 1.

Dr. John Clapper

Having settled at his father's house, solicits a portion of patronage from the community. Strict attention will be rendered.

Notice.

quested to present them for settlement to the subscriber, and those indebted are desired to make payment.

JOHN ABELL. Ally. in fact March 1. for Mary Davenport, executrix.

Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers at private sale, a he wished to get away from the country as lic sale. A credit of six months will be given, by the purchaser giving bond with approved

Public Sale.

I WILL offer, at public auction, at my residence, near Mr. John Downey's mill, about three miles from Charlestown, on Friday the 17th instant, if fair, if not, the next fair day, the following property viz several valuable NEGROES, horses, cows, farming utensils, household and kitchen furniture, &c. A credit of nine months will be given on all the above property, except the negroes, for which the cash must be paid. Sale to begin at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by

MATTHEW PARTRIDE. A Lot of Ground

For Sale in the Town of Smithfield, Jefferson County, Va.

KNOWN by lot No 1, on the main street of said town, which will be offered for sale a letter from Cadiz, dated December 16th, hinstant, for ready money, or good bonds or notes. Any person wishing to see this lot fill please apply to captain Moses Smith or to Mr. Daniel Fry. Sale will take place at 12 o'clock.

R. WORTHINGTON. JOHN T. COOKUS. Adm'ors. of Col. J. Morrow, dec'd.

Public Safe.

I shall offer at public auction, on a credit of nine months, at my farm near Char estown, on the main road to Harper's Ferry, on Thursday the 9th day of March next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, the following property to wit: Corn by the barrel, Rye by the bushel, Cows, Steers, Sheep, a number of Hogs, amongst which are ten breeding Sows-farming utensils, a quantity of excellent Bacon and Lard-also, household and kitchen furniture, beds and bedding, &c. The sale will continue from day to day, until all is sold. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. Attendance will be given by

HENRY GARNHART.

Feb. 21.

Division of the Diocess of Virginia.

WINCHESTER, Jan, 4, 1820. At a meeting of a number of Episcopalians, Clergymen and Laymen, on this day to take into consideration the state of the Church in West Virginia, the Rev. Alexander Balmain was called to the Chair, and Rev. Benjamin Allen appointed Secretary. The object of the meeting having been

stated from the chair, The Rev. Enoch M. Lowe presented the following resolution.

Resolved, That'a committee of six persons be appointed, who shall take into consideration the state of the Church in that part of Virginia West of the Blue Ridge Mountain; and that they report to morrow such measures as they shall deem expedient

Whereupon the following persons were appointed the committee, to wit: Rev. E. M. Lowe, Rev. W. Meade, Rev. John L. Bryan, Edward Colston esq. Obed Waite, esq. and Philip Nelson, esq.

And, on motion the meeting adjourned until to-morrow after divine service.

Wednesday. Jan. 5.

The meeting assembled after divine service, agreeably to adjournment. The committee appointed yesterday, on

the state of the Church, presented the following report and resolutions, viz. The committee appointed to take into consideration the state of the Church, in that

part of Virginia west of the Blue Ridge Mountain, respectfully report; That they certainly have the strongest

reasons to return thanks to Almighty God for the state of prosperity which the Church now enjoys in this district of country, altho' there are some circumstances in their situation, which create uneasiness in their minds. One of the most prominent of these cirtumstances is, the almost entire privation of Episcopal visits. Such is the extent of this Diocess, that it would be difficult for any Bishop, even if not charged with the care of a parish, to discharge all the duties attached to his station. But their situation is rendered still more destitute from the fact that their Bishop is compelled, for his support, to take charge of a very large congregation; who, as they alone contribute to his living claim an exclusive right to his services,

and view not without uneasiness, the time which he is obliged to withdraw from them to apply to the other parts of the Diocess. From these considerations it results that very few counties, on this side the Ridge, have ever received an Episcopal visit; or ever had any attempt made in them to collect the scattered members of the Church into congregations. Although, from the success which has heretofore attended such attempts in those districts of our country which have b.en blessed by visits from their venerable and much beloved Bishop, they are convinced, that such visits would greatly contribute to the prosperity of the Church. These inconveniences, great as they are at present, age and infirmities of their highly venerated and much beloved Bishop; which will probably render it impossible for him to devote to them even that portion of his time which

they have hitherto enjoyed. themselves any adequate remedy, except in the division of the Diocess. and the establishment of an Episcopate on the West side of the Blue Ridge; -- an object which they beg leave to recommend to the most serious consideration of this meeting, and to the Episcopalians generally of this district of country.

Your committee are conscious that even were it desirable, it would be impracticable to support a Bishop, without the aid derived from a parish, but your committee are inclined to believe that the zeal and wealth of the Episcopalians in this part of the country, would enable them, with the aid of a parish to effect this object, and the Diocess at large contributing to his support, would thus be entitled to a portion of his time.

The advantages resulting from this measure would, your committee believe, be many. Besides securing a frequent recurrence of Episcopal visits, and supplying an important part of the church with stated services from so respectable a minister, the establishment of a Bishop in some convenient place more or less, nearly 300 of which is leased on this side the Blue Ridge, would offer a point to ministers wishing to procure settlement, and thus render more easy the supplying those parishes which are now destitute. Nor can your committee conceive that this division, so beneficial to this part of the state would be otherwise than beneficial to that part also east of the Blue Ridge, in as much as by withdrawing this large district of country from his care, our venerable Bishop will have more leisure to devote to the remainder of his Diocess ;- Your committee therefore all the aforesaid land, will be shewn the recommend the following resolutions, to

1st Resolved, That it be recommended to all the members of this neeting, and particu- which, with general warranty, will be made larly the clergy, to bring this subject before by the members of the Church in their respective parishes; that they may have an opportunity of expressing fully their opinions, at a future meeting to be composed of the Clergy and four representatives from each Vestry, to meet at Winchester on the third

Tuesday in March next. 2nd Resolved, That in the mean time a committee be appointed to correspond with lars apply to the subscriber next door to the our venerable B shop, and the standing com- premises. mittee of this Diocess, to ascertain their opinions, and endeavour to procure their

concurrence in the division of this Diocess, if it should be thought advisable so to do.

The above report being read, thereupon resolved, that the same be accepted; and on motion the resolutions recommended in the same were severally adopted

The Rev. Enoch M. Lowe, Edward Colston, esq and Robert Page, esq. were then appointed the committee, under the second

On motion, resolved, that the above committee be instructed to communicate with the people in the counties immediately east of the Blue Ridge, to ascertain from them whether they will concur in the division of the Diocess; and whether any portion of them will consent to be embraced within the limits of the new Diocess.

On motion, ordered that the Secretary cause five hundred copies of the above proceedings and report to be printed for distri-

And on motion, the meeting adjourned

ALEX. BALMAIN, Chair'm.

BENJ ALLEN, Secry.

83 The Editors of Newspapers throughout the Valley, will confer a favor on the Episcopal Church, by giving the above a few insertions.

Jane Woods, Would advise the public that she has on hand a good supply of

Drugs & Medicines. The following are part of her Assortment:

Fresh Tamarinds. Madeira C'tron-White Wax, Red and Black Sealing Wax, Courtplaster-Inkpowder, Purified London Soap. Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs,

Copal Varnish-Bees Wax, Putty for Window Glass. Inksand and Wafers, Lancetts assorted, Tooth Brushes, Tapers for sick rooms,

With a General Assortment of CONFECTION,

All of which she will sell low for cash, and hopes she will merit and receive a share January 26th, 1820.

Six Cents Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 23d of January last, living near Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, an apprentice

James Taylor,

about five feet eight or nine inches high, about sixteen years of age, stout made-has a down look when spoken to, light coloured hair, round face & grey eyes: had on when he went away, a bottle green coloured coat and pantaloons nearly new, a fur hat with black crape round it-and took with him a coat of a bottle green colour about half worn, one pair of cotton cassimere pantaloons of a grey colour patched on the knees; and other clothing not recollected:-Rode away a black mare about 161 hands high, four years That for these evils they cannot promise old this spring, with a small streak of white down the face, both hind feet white. The above reward will be given to any person that will bring him home, and no thanks. GEO. SLOSSER.

FOR SALE,

A Tract of Land

IN the county of Jefferson and state of Vir- first mentioned place, at 94 cents; to Alexand convenient to Harper's Ferry, being ware house to Georgetown, 94 cents in high part of the tract called and known by the water, and from \$4 cents to one dollar and name of Shanondale tract. This land lies 50 cents in low water. He will deliver the on the east side of the Shenandoah River, is same in the neatest manner and on the shortwell watered, and has a tolerable good mill est notice Any person being unacquainted seat on it, and well timbered, containing it with him can have good security for the the soil susceptible of great improvement by the aid of Plaister and Clover-and con- fully, those who may favor him with their

One Thousand Acres,

and tenanted for three lives, subject to which that part of it will be sold, the balance is fee simple, and the title of all undisputed. It will be laid off in Lots to suit purcha-

sers, and will be sold payable one fifth in cash, and the balance in one, two, and three annual payments with interest, and a deed of trust on the premises or good personal security, as may be agreed on, will be required to secure the distant payments.

All persons desirous of purchasing any or same by Mr. Daniel Hefflibower, residing on Bullskin, and near the premises, who is authorised to make contracts, the deeds for

JOHN HOPKINS. Hill and Dale, Jan. 19-tf.

FOR RENT,

THE HOUSE AND LOT Now occupied by Mr. Leonard Saddler, as a Chairmaker's Shop. For further particu-

ESTHER G. BROWN.

Boot & Shoe Making.

THE Subscriber informs the Public that

Boot & Shoe Making Business, in the house belonging to Doctor Griggs, nearly opposite Mr. Henry Haines' Tavern, where he will be thankful for employment in the line of his Business, and engages that his work shall be done in the best manner. AUGUSTUS SHOPE.

NOTICE.

coe, dec'd) are informed that indulgence can not be given longer than the first of March next, and if not pad off by that time suit will be brought on the same without discrimina-

> THOS. BRISCOE, JAMES HITE,

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

February 2.

Dec. 8.

THE subscriber offers at private sale, his house and lot, near the Presbyterian meeting house, in Charlestown. This property would be very suitable for a mechanic. Also for sale, an acre lot of ground, near the brick yard. A great bargain may be had, if immediate application be made. For terms apply to the subscriber, on the premises, or to the Editor of the Farmer's Repo-

JACOB FISHER.

Fulling and Carding.

forming his friends and the public, that he has engaged Mr. Thos. Crawford, a known workman throughout this and the several adjoining counties, to conduct the above business for a term of years: From the confidence placed in his abilities as a workman, the subscriber flatters himself, that there will be general satisfaction rendered to all who may please to favor him with their custom. JOHN HELLER.

Tan Yard for Sale.

THE subscriber wisnes to sell his tan yard, situate near Mr. Worthington's mill, in Charlestown. The yard consists of ten layaway vats, with the necessary handlers, an extensive bark shed, and mill for grinding dwelling house, with a kitchen adjoining. He will also sell a lot adjoining the above, containing half an acre, which is well calculated for a wagon stand. The situation of the whole is inferior to none in the county. The terms, will be made uncommonly easy. JACOB E. PARSON.

BOATING.

THE subscriber has taken the ware house belonging to Mr. Geo Hageley, near Keeptryst Furnace, and the ware house of Col. Jno. Blackford, formerly occupied by Messrs. Marmaduke & Co. in Shepherdstown, for the purpose of delivering-

FLOUR

in Georgetown and Alexandria, at the following prices, viz: to Georgetown, from the ginia, within six miles of Charlestown, andria, one dollar. From Col. Blackford's is believed, an abundance of iron ore, and | punctual performance of his engagements. The subscriber will also thank most grate-

custom. Any person wishing to contract for the delivery of their flour in his absence, may apply to T. S. Bennett, Esq. Shepherdstown, to Mr. Hageley near his ware house, or to Mr. George Malleory, at Harper's Ferry. T. S. Bennett, Esq. will attend to the storage of Flour delivered at the ware house in Shepherdstown. There will be a person constantly at Mr. Hageley's ware house to receive flour.

The undersigned, returning from the above places, will convey Plaister on the most reasonable terms. WILLIAM MALLEORY.

Cheap Enough.

Those who wish to purchase cheap Cloth, Cassimere, Pelise Cloth, Flannels, and Blankets, for CASH, call at my store, and they shall have them to suit the times JOHN CARLILE.

> Who has on hand a quantity of the Best Old Whiskey

this part of the country-Gin, Spirits, &c. Charlestown, Dec. 22.

BLANK DEEDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.

Three or four fresh Milch Cows with their calves, if timely applied for .. RICHARD McSHERRY.

Executor's Sale OF HOUSES AND LOTS

IN SHEPHERD'S-TOWN THE subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, Esq decid. in pursuance of the directions of the Testa. tor, will offer at public sale, at the store house Those persons who gave their Bonds to the of Messrs. Good and Kennedy, in Shep. subscribers (as administrators of John Bris- herd's Town, on Thursday the ninth day of March next, all the houses and lots belonging to said Kearsley, in Shepherd's Town consisting of that elegant new well finished

BRICK HOUSE.

and valuable lot, lately occupied by Mr. Kearsley, situated on the main street. This house is well calculated, either for public business, or the accommodation of a private family, it has attached to it, all necessary out buildings, principally built of brick, and

The dwelling house and appertenances, now occupied by Mrs. Baylor, together with the store house and ware house now occupied by Mesers, Good and Kennedy, all of which buildings are on one lot, but for the accommodation of purchasers, the

Store house, and ware house. with a part of the lot will be sold separate from the dwelling house.

The purchaser of any part of the above property, on paying one fifth of the purchase money in hand, will have a credit, of 1, 2, 3, THE subscriber takes this method of in- and 4 years for the residue, without interest, giving bond with approved security for said four equal annual payments.

The sale will commence at eleven o'clock, when due attendance will be given by JOHN BAKER. Shepherd's Town, Feb. 16.

More New Goods

Bought under the Hammer FOR CASH,

At Knock-down Prices.

ONE of the concern has again been in market and just returned with another fresh supply of cheap cloths, cassimeres cords and velvets, cassinetts, fancy vestings, flannels, bark. There can be a considerable number | blankets, coatings, baizes, carpetings of all of vats sunk, the lot being extensive. There | kinds, planes, peleisse cloths, cassimere is also on the premises, a tolerable good log | shawls, Canton crapes, Italian ditto. pure white satin, colored ditto, white, black and light blue pattinett, striped and plain gauze, green and all other colored Florences, lustrings of all colors, levantines, fashionable ribbands, fancy trimmings for both dresses and bonnetts, best Irish linens, and linen For further particulars apply to the subscri- cambricks very cheap, best strong hempen ticklenburgs and Burlaps linen (better towear and cheaper than domestic for laboring men and servants.) Russia dowlas and sheetings, Irish sheetings and dowlas, flax linen, tow ditto brown shirtings, and domestic plaids, cambrick muslins, patent (power loom) shirtings, fancy lenos, and other fancy must lins, India muslins of all kinds and qualities, worsted, silk and cotton hosiery very cheap, bed ticking and bombazetts, &c. &c.

Superior old French Brandy-Spirits and Wines-hest fresh Teas-Loaf and Lump Sugar-Goshen Cheese, &c.

ALSO. The very first quality New Orleans Sugar-West India ditto (very cheap) and prime Coffee-Molasses-Raw Cotton-Tar, and best Twilled Bags - machine Cotton of all numbers-Candle Wick, &c.

Womens, mens, girls and childrens' shoes of every discription.

ALSO, China, glass, stone, queens' and wooden ware, knives and forks, penknives, Hantsman's ditto. &c. &c.

Patent shoethread - Boot and shoemakers, saddlers and harness makers at a distance, will do well to lay in a supply while it is to be had, it being of a superior kind, and

New Fresh Goods are vastly preferable to Old Goods, not only because they are stronger and wear better, but because they come cheaper. Bonds. Notes, Flour and wheat received in payment of Goods.

J S LANE & TOWNER. Shepherdstown, Feb. 16: P. S. All those in arrears are requested to make ready and pay up. J S. L. & T.

322 Shares,

Conococheague Bank Stock FOR SALE.

And as it is received at the bank in pay ment of debts, due to said bank, debtors wi find it the most ready and convenient way of paying up, by buying the above stock will be sold on a liberal credit, or exchanged for bonds and notes.

JAS S LANE. Shepherd's Town, Feb. 16, 1820.

> Blank Attachments For sale at this Office.

FARMERS' REPOSITORY.

CHARLES-TOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

VOL. XII.]

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 8, 1820.

No. 622.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER. THE price of the FARMERS' REPOSITORY IS TWO Dellars a year, one dollar to be paid at the commencement, and one at the expiration of the year. mencement, and the parties will be required to pay the whole in advance—no paper will be discontinued, except at the option of the Editor, until arrearages

Advertisements not exceeding a square, will be inserted three weeks for one dollar, and twenty-five consider every subsequent insertion. All adver-tioners sent to the office without having the numentimes for which they are to be inserted, dethe of ames lot who continued until forbid, and charg-

All communications to the Editor on business, must be post paid.

From the London Literary Gazette of Dec. 11. SPANISH HEROISM.

An authentic anecdote, related by capt. Korff, who served in Spain, in a regiment of infantry of the guard of Jerome, the ex-king Fatigued and exhausted by forced mar-

ches, the regiment, to which capt. Korff belonged, arrived before the monastry of Figueras in Spain. The colonel of the regiment, a Frenchman, sent in an officer, to demand the necessary refreshment for the men, as well as for the staff, consisting of the monks came out to meet the general, assured him that the inhabitants of Figueiras would provide for the soldiers, but that he himself would prepare a frugal meal for the staff. The prior's offer was accepted; capt. Korff received from the general some commissions for the regiment, and about an hour afterwards it was announced to the prior, that the dinner was served up in the refectory of the monastery. The general, who was aware that the French in Spain had reason to be on their guard in eating and drink ng what was offered by the natives, invited the prior to dine with them; he and two other monks accepted the invitation in such amanner, as to leave no doubt that he felt himself much flattered by it. After the offien had taken their seats, the prior said gnee, carved, eat of every dish, and with his two brethren, who poured out the wine, drank plentifully with his guests. It was not till towards the end of the repast that capt Korii returned, having been detained by the commissions of the general longer than he expected. During that interval, he had found an opportunity to take some refreshment and only participated in the livey conversation of the company, hosts as well as guests, at the monastery. The general, in particular, expressed his satisfacinto profound seriousness: he rose from his seat, thanked the company for the honor they had done him, and concluded with asking if any of them had affairs to settle in this world? Adding with emphasis: "This, gentlemen, is the last meal you and I shall take catastrophe-some charging it to the careon earth: in an hour we shall all be before lessness of a single lodger within; others atthe judgment seat of God! Cold tremtributing it to the same incendiary plot, ap-

han an hour, every man of them had ceased We know not whether this story is in reality one of those unquestionable facts be near the scene where it is laid. If is one of the most extraordinary and meorable instances of self-devotion ever re-N. Y. Post.

bling horror seized the amazed guests; for

the prior and his two monks had poisoned

the wine in which they had pledged the

French officers; all the antidotes given by

the French physician-were in vain; in less

FROM TEXAS

Errect of a letter from General Long, to a gentleman of this place, dated

Republic of Texas, Fort Walker, November 30th, 1818. received your letter from Nashville, but that time had it not in my power to renyon an answer, in consequence of the tapproach of a superior force of the ene-Our dangers, difficulties, and troubles, ome time past have been great. Naoches has fallen into the hands of our demies, who now have a strong force in the ity of this place, to which I had removhost of my forces before their arrival, he purpose of procuring provisions, &c. This place and Galveston, (about miles from here) are the only fortified s now in our possession; but before you this I expect to be in possession of aia and St. Antonio. My brother, large Indian force, is combating with s take place between the two forces, but ag decisive had transpired the last ac-The whole amount of the Royal act against us, is estimated at 600

strong. If we can once force them back and I break their spirit they are entirely undone. I have myself endured great hardships, within the few last months, in attempting to force a passage with a small party from Nacogdoches to this place; three times I lost every man that was with me, part being killed, and part falling into the hands of the

We had a small rencontre a few days ago, where, I think, the enemy must have suffered considerably -but, as both parties left the ground, their loss could not be ascertained; we had only one man killed and one wounded; we succeeded in taking several prisoners, and are confident their Rilled were considerable. General Walker was attacked, and repulsed the enemy on the Rio Brassos, there he at least fifteen days between the date pointed collector of poor rates, refusing or to one. He succeeded in reaching this place with the command in safety. I have the pleasure to add, that the first vessel that saild under our flag, returned to Galveston, a few days ago, with a prize of Dry Goods, a few African slaves, and 6000 dollars in specie, after a cruize of three weeks off the Isle of Cuba. On to morrow we commence payng our troops for the first time, and intend co continue it every two months. I hope | before the court day for advertising the same my Tennessee friends will not forget me in shall in writing require the officers levying my present difficulties, as I am resolved to such execution or process, to make the sale see Mexico free and independent, or to pe- at some other place within such county or levy; and the receipt of the sheriff or collecrish in the attempt. The inhabitants are anxious for my success, and only wait a protecting force to unite with us, but until then they are not to be relied on.

Nushville Clarion. such sale, it shall be lawful to adjourn the said sale from day to day until the same PETERSBURG, VA. FEB. 25. shall be completed. Fire .- It is our painful duty to inform our listant readers of the total destruction by ire, of those spacious buildings on Sycamore street, more generally known by the appellation of Powell's Tavern. yet recently occupied by Mr. Redmond. The fire broke out about five o'clock yesterday morning, in one of the upper chambers; and so strong was the hold it had taken previous to discovery, that no efforts were found adequate to ts suppression, and, in about one hour's ime, the whole of the Tavern Buildings, beng of wood and connected with each other, were consumed. Mr. Mathew Maben's elegant dwelling, and a chair shop occupied by lessrs. Barns & Season, south; the tavern sitchen in rear west, and the old Post Office, north, were preserved, notwithstanding they were all of wood, added to the great difficulty of procuring water. The tavern buildings were alone destroyed. We undertion to the prior, whose kind reception had stand these latter were insured; but to what bonds. surpassed all expectation. Suddenly, howhave been considerable loss sustained in the destruction of the furniture of the tavern. So brief was the warning, and such the rapidity of the flames, that but little could be

> Extract of a letter dated HAVANA, 16th Feb. 1820.

parently aimed at the destruction of the

several other attempts heretofore .- Intell.

town, which has been the evident source of

I cannot close this letter without informing you that we have here two English brigs with which the history of the Spanish con- of war—and our little pop gun schooner' but shound be believed to be spanish conest abounds; but we are assured that its Hornet, Lieutenant Ramage, of six nine persons of integrity, whose duties led them trick of impressing, by sending his boat on board the schr. Sarah and Louisa, of Baltie, as we have therefore reason to believe, more, and taking out a sailor. I cannot enter into the whole detail of the affair, but suf-fice it to say, that Lieut. Ramage immediate-Ramage gave him twelve hours for his categorical answer-whether he would or would not give up the man-the reply is satisfactoif official means did not answer, to make the affair a personal one, as they are all resolved to do on every occasion, until old John desists from his insults .- Gazette.

A merchant in Philadelphia sells forty bushels of roasted Rye per week by retail, which is all used as a substitute for Coffee. This serves to shew how popular the substiwing of the Royal army, about forty used in Baltimore already, and we have no tute is daily becoming. Rye Coffee is much take place between Frequent engage- doubt that the more generally it is known, the more this substitute will be adopted: an hereafter be the duty of the overseers of the any goods &c by retail as aforesaid, within economy of this kind, and at this time, de- poor to examine, once in every three months, the jurisdiction of this Commonwealth, etween this and Rio Grande, intend- serves to be patronized by every patriot.

ing Executions, and for the relief of Insolvent Debtors? [Passed February 24th, 1820.] 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly, That executions issuing from superior courts of law may, at the election of the party suing out the same, be made returnable to the first day of the next term of the court from

SKETCH OF LAWS,

Assembly of Va. at the last session.

AN ACT

which such execution may issue, or to any rule day previous to such term: Provided, a vagrant; that any sheriff hereafter ap-2. And be it enacted, That all sales of notified, shall forfeit 500 dollars, to the use slaves, mules and work oxen, and horses ta- of the poor, receivable on motion, on ten ken under execution or other legal process, shall hereafter be made at the court house of the county or corporation where the same poor rate or county levy is assessed, shall may be levied, on the first day of the usual term of the court of such county or corpora tion, next succeeding that on which the same may be advertised; unless the debtor on or corporation; whereupon the same proceed. | tor for the same shall be a discharge for so ings shall be had, as if this act had never been passed: Provided, however, that, if there shall not be time, on the said first day garnishee shall refuse or fail to pay, on deof the court, to make or to complete any

3. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the clerk of any court of this Commonwealth, to issue an execution. upon any bond given for the forthcoming of by the court, where such bond shall be lodged, upon motion of the person to whom the same is payable, his executors or administrators: Provided, the obligors, their executors or administrators, or such of them against whom execution is awarded, have ten days previous notice of such motion ; and thereupon it shall be lawful for such court, to award execution, for the money or tobacto, in such bond mentioned, with interest thereon, from the date of the bond till pay- court, within ninety days after such bond ment and costs; and upon such execution, shall have been taken; under a penalty of the sheriff or other officer, shall proceed in \$150 Copies of such bonds, heretofore the same manner, and the clerk shall make the same endorsement, as is now directed by 1819, as have not been transmitted to the

operation of so much of the act passed the | liable to the like fine. twenty fifth day of February, eighteen huntation of actions; for preventing frivolous snatched from the burning pile. There are and vexatious suits; concerning jeofails, and many reports in regard to the origin of this | certain proceedings in civil cases," as authorises a capias ad respondendum to be returned to some rule day in the clerk's office, shall be, and the same is hereby suspended until the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one: Provided. however, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to change or affect the mode of | der a penalty of \$100. commencing and prosecuting suits in the su-

perior courts of law. 5 This act shall commence and be in force, from and after the first day of April next: But the whole thereof, except the first section, shall expire on the first day of March, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, and thereafter the provisions of the existing law, repealed or suspended by so much of this act as is temporary, shall be in full force and

An act, 'to amend an act, entitled, 'an act reducing into one the several acts conly took it up in a gentlemanly, firm, and tru- cerning slaves, free negroes and mulattoes," ly officer like manner, such as characterizes | provides that, whenever an offence shall be the noble sons of Columbia's gallant little | committed against the 30th section of that navy, and after much correspondence, has act, the offender shall in any prosecution on and, in case of failure, each hawker or pedcompletely gained his point. The reply of behalf of the commonwealth, be tried in the lar shall be subject to the same penalty as if the governor to his official report of the oc- county from which the slave shall be taken he had no such license. Any person who currence is very handsome. John Bull's re- and removed; and that, hereafter, it shall plies being somewhat irrelevant and evasive, | be lawful to hire out free negroes and mulattoes for the payment of their taxes and levies, pursuant to law; provided, that no one shall be hired for a less sum than eight cents per ry.—The Waspis the English brig's name, day, any thing, in the fifty eighth section of Capt Carter. Our officers were determined | the said act, to the contrary notwithstanding. An act, 'imposing taxes for the support of

government.' The taxes on lands are imposed according to the new assessment, at the rate of 121 cents for every hundred dollars value. The tax on pedlars is increased to eighty dollars on every license to a pedlar of dry goods, and forty dollars on every license to a pedlar trading in tin or pewter. In other respects, the taxes are the same as for last year. An act, 'to amend an act, entitled, an act

reducing into one act the several acts providing for the poor, and declaring who shall be deemed vagrants,' provides, that it shall into the condition of all free negroes and mulattoes residing in their respective districts; having recorded the same, may be prosecut. and, unless it shall appear that they procure | ed and punished by the justices of the cours

by their own labour, or by purchase or other Of a public nature, passed by the General wise, from persons having the right to hold and sell property, sufficient means of subsistence for themselves and families, all such free negroes or mulattees, as shall be of full To amend the Act, entitled, 'An act to re- age, shall be deemed and taken to be vaduce into one Act the several Acts concern- grants and treated as such; that, if any free negro or mulatto shall buy, sell or receive of, to, or from a slave, any commodity what ever, without the leave of the master, owner or overseer of such slave, or shall presome to deal with any slave, without such leave, he or she, so offending, shall, in addition to the forfeitures and penalties to which such offender is now subjected by law, be moreover deemed and taken to be, and treated as neglecting to serve as such after being duly days notice, in the name of the overseers of the poor: that, if any person on whom any not have any visible property from which it can be made, it shall be lawful for the sheriff or collector of the same, to attach the effects or money of the said person in the hands of any other person; and it shall be lawful for such garnishee to pay the amount due on account of such poor rate or county much against the person on whom such poor rate or county levy is assessed; and, if such mand, the sheriff or collector shail summon him or her before a justice of the peace; and if he or she shall appear, and, on oath or affirmation, shall acknowledge that he or she is indebted to, or has effects in his or her hands, of the person on whom such poor rate or county levy is assessed, or shal. fail to appear having been duly summoned, or property, unless it shall have been awarded | refuse to be sworn or affirmed, the justice shall award execution against him or her, for the amount of such poor rate or county levy, or for so much thereof as shall appear to be in his or her hands, with costs, including a fee of 63 cents to the sheriff or collector.

An act, * concerning the clerks of county and corporation courts, requires each clerk to transmit to the auditor annually an attested copy of the bond entered into by the sheriff or collector of the public revenue in his entered into at any time since the 1st Jan. law, in relation to forfeited forthcoming auditor, shall be transmitted to him, by the

An act, 'to authorize the notes of the dred and nineteen, entitled, 'an act for limi- Bank of the Valley and its branches, and of the North Western Bank of Virginia, to be received in payment of the revenue of this

An act, 'concerning the clerks of the several county courts within this commonwealth,' makes it their duty to furnish the executive, on or before the 31st of December. in each year, with a register of the acting magistrates in their respective counties, un-

An act, 'to amend an act, entitled, 'an act to provide for the collection of taxes on licenses to merchants; to hawkers and pedlars; to keepers of ordinaries and houses of private entertainment; on law process and certain other subjects," provides, that, hereafter, when any hawker or pedlar shall obtain a license to sell goods of any description, from any court of record, the clerk shall affix the seal of the court to such license, for which he shall receive a fee of one dollar, in addition to the tax on the seal; that every such license shall be recorded in the court of each county or corporation in which the hawker or pedlar offers goods for sale, for shall offer for sale or barter, as a hawker or pedlar, any goods contrary to this act, or to the act of which it is amendatory, shall forfeit one hundred dollars, recoverable as in that act is provided. Hereafter it shall not be lawful to grant any such license on payment of the tax thereon to the serjeant of any corporation; but before such license shall be granted, a receipt for such tax shall be produced from the sheriff, deputy sheriff or collector of the revenue for the county. Every master, owner or commander of a vessel, navigating any water within the jurisdiction of this Commonwealth, and every person on board such vessel, w o shall sell. or offer for sale, any goods, wares or merchandise, by retail, on board the said vessel. shall be considered as a hawker and pedlar. within the meaning of this act, and of the act to which this is amendatory; and every such master, &c. who shall sell, or offer for sale. without having obtained a license, or without